FIFTH DISEASE

Also known as: erythema infectiosum, parvovirus infection

SYMPTOMS

It may remain asymptomatic. The symptoms vary depending on the age:

Children show distinctive facial rash on both the cheeks which can extend to arms, thighs and buttocks. The initial symptoms include:

- Fever
- Stomach upset
- Headache
- Runny nose
- Sore throat

In adults, parvovirus causes

- Joint soreness
- Joint aches usually in hands, wrists, knees and ankles

CAUSES

Caused by the human parvovirus B19. Infection is more common during outbreaks of winter and spring in the elementary schools.

- The infection spreads through body fluids like saliva, mucus, sputum and blood
- Highly contagious in the week before the rash appears
- Pregnant woman can pass on the infection to baby

PREVENTION

- Wash hands frequently
- Don't share food and drinks with affected people
- Take plenty of water
- Isolation from the infected person till he/she develops rashes

COMPLICATIONS

If untreated, complications may include:

- Parvovirus infection in anemic patients, ceases the production of red blood cells and can lead to anemia crisis.
- If the infection occurs during pregnancy, it affects the RBC count in the fetus.
- In rare cases, severe anemia leads to miscarriage or stillbirth.
- Triggers anemia in people with a weakened immune system due to HIV or cancer treatment.

DIAGNOSIS

Common tests & procedures

- Physical examination: Diagnosis is made by simply observing the skin rash.
- Blood test: Specific antibody tests are done in case of pregnant women and patients who have weakened immune system.

The infection is self-limiting and most cases do not require treatment. Medication may be given to relieve symptoms.

MEDICATION

- Antipyretics: To relieve the symptoms of fever and headache.
- Acetaminophen
- Self-care
 - o Good enough rest
 - o Drink plenty of water
 - o Fever should be taken care
 - o Isolation till the rashes are developed